Design Systems

Emma Bostian



About me

Emma Bostian

Software Engineer @ LogMeIn American in Germany Ladybug Podcast && JS Party Stack Overflow, Ultimate Courses, && Dev.to LinkedIn Learning



What we'll cover

Design Systems Design Figma Styled Components Animations Storybook Tools & Resources



What this course is

This course is a high-level introduction to design systems. It will teach you the foundational skills your team needs to build a set of reusable components and standards.



What this course is not

This course is not a comprehensive overview to design systems. There is no industry-standard for what a design system truly is, and as a result it can be interpreted differently at different companies.

Course Information

Repo: https://github.com/emmabosti an/fem-design-systems

Docs: https://fem-designsystems.netlify.com/





Design Systems

The internet was not originally intended to host large-scale social and enterprise applications.



Components

Allow us to maintain consistent user interfaces which are accessible by nature



What is a design system?



What is a design system?

Component library Style Guide



A design system is M of these things.



Why do design systems matter?

Accessibility

Everyone, regardless of circumstance, should be able to achieve the same results from your application.



Why do design systems matter?

Consistency

Your products should look and feel like they're part of the same brand identity.



Why do design systems matter?

Trickle-down updates

The style can be updated in one component within the system, and will propagate to each product .



Why do design systems matter?

Responsiveness

Our web applications must account for different screen resolutions and devices.



Why do design systems matter?

Onboarding

There is one place for new team members to go to get all of the information they need to get started.



Why do design systems matter?

Flexibility

A design system must serve a variety of use cases, while setting parameters on what exactly those use cases can be.



Why do design systems matter?

Speed

Once your design system has been established, time to production is greatly reduced.

Vranbacks of design systems



Design systems take time to build.



Vranbacks of design systems

Evolution

A design system is never complete. It's a product serving products.



Vranbacks of design systems

Maintenance

A design system is a living, breathing product which has lifecycles and requires maintenance.



Vranbacks of design systems

Investment

We need designers, engineers, and product managers to ensure the success of the system.



Team structure

Centralized Model

- Define the foundation & identity of the system
- Have veto power over the system
- Manage & create the UI Kit, component library, and style guide



Team structure

Distributed Model

- No centralized core team
- Built & maintained by the consuming teams
- Instills a sense of ownership
- Influenced by many vantage points
- Less down time



Team Structure

Hybrid Model

- Combines the centralized and distributed models
- Decisions are made quickly



Who are design systems for?

"If a design system is by a company, then it's for the company. It might also be open source, but any ol' random developer who wants to use it isn't the target audience."

- Chris Coyier



Nathan Curtis

Design Systems Coach



And You Thought Buttons Were Easy...

→ <u>Read the blog post here!</u>



FEM | March 2020

Primary button





Foundation of Design Syste	ms	FEM March 2020
Primary button	Primary button Primary button Primary button	Primary button
Secondary button		Secondary button
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Primary button	 Primary button



How many buttons is that?

3 default buttons (primary, secondary, tertiary)

3 status buttons (error, warning, status)

AND INCOMENTATION OF THE OWNER OF

4 status icon buttons

4 default icon buttons

14 buttons

How many buttons is that?

3 default buttons (primary, secondary, tertiary)

3 status buttons (error, warning, status)

4 status icon buttons

4 default icon buttons

14 buttons X 5 states (i.e. hover) X 2 sizes

How many buttons is that?

3 default buttons (primary, secondary, tertiary)

3 status buttons (error, warning, status)

4 status icon buttons

4 default icon buttons

14 buttons X 5 states (i.e. hover) X 2 sizes

= 140 button combinations per theme...

How much does that cost ...?

\$300 per hour X 200 hours

Vesigner \$100 per hour

Engineer \$100 per hour

Qnality Assurance \$100 per hour

How much does that cost ...?

\$300 per hour X 200 hours = \$20,000

Vesigner \$100 per hour

Engineer \$100 per hour

angligg Assurance

How much does that cost ...?

\$300 per hour X 200 hours = \$20,000 50 teams X \$20,000 = \$1 million ... $\partial n b n t t \partial n s$

Designer \$100 per hour

Engineer \$100 per hour

Qnality Assurance \$100 per hour

Three pillars of design systems

Design Language

The set of standards and assets which guide the creation of a suite of products underneath a brand.

Set of components which turn the design language and UI Kit into living, breathing code.

Style Guide

The documentation for the design language, UI Kit, and component library.

Design angunge

The personality of a brand and its corresponding design assets.

Foundation

Color Typography Grid Spacing Iconography Illustrations Motion

UI Kit

Buttons Text Fields Modals Dropdowns Navigation Footer

Component Library

Can be built with many different frameworks and libraries

Frameworks

Vue React Angular Ember

Technologies

CSS Pre-processors CSS-in-JS Animation libraries Testing libraries

Style Gnide

The documentation for the design language, UI Kit, and component library.

Technologies

Storybook Invision Gatsby React Styleguidist

Building a design system

1. Define your design principles

2. Conduct a UI audit

3. Create your checklists

4. Define your workflows

Design principles

Design principles are the grounding values which drive the creation of your products.

What do you want your users to feel when using your product?

"Bold, optimistic, and practical."

Vi Andit

Compile all components, in every variation and state, in one place.

Group these components by functionality.

AirBnb UI Audit

DROP DOWN

English Español Eliktyseiti Français Hrvatski Eallano Magyar Nederland Norsk Polski

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Ø	Rega Jan 28	H thank you? We're so excited Amsterdam, KC, Nethenlands (Feb 15 - 17, 2019)	Accepted C15707	
9	Paul Jan 14	Wonderful thanks so mucht See ynu soon! Amstandam, Noord Holland, Nethenlands (Feb 12 - 15, 2018)	Accepted \$24047	
3	Marc 12/16/2018	Helst My email is Wedekind, emma@gmail.com. No problem we'll have Leipzig, Sevory, Germany Liun 14 - 16, 2018	Accepted \$227.44	

Vi Andit

Prioritize the components which have the highest impact on unification of your products and are easily achievable.

CHAT LINK INPUT Q 10 Read more CARD CAROUSEL FILTE PHOTO GALLERY REVIEW E Sarah COMBO BOX BUTTON Anstandam Amsterdam-BADGE Amsterdam DROP DOWN BUTTON DROP DOWN PAGINATION Select your language NOTIFICATION English Expañol Exbañol Etitistaki Français Hevatski Italiano Magyar TABLE Accepted CIS707 Nederland Norsk Public

AirBnb UI Audit

• Does this request embody our design principles?

- Does this request embody our design principles?
- Does this request require a lot of design/development effort?

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- Are we confident in this request or will it need to be revisited in the near future?

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- Are we confident in this request or will it need to be revisited in the near future?
- Is this request technically feasible?

Adoption metrics

Metrics which indicate that a component has high priority.

Impact Identity Confidence

Opposition metrics

Metrics which indicate that a component has lower priority.

Maintenance

Risk Effort

Calculating priority

Sum the scores from your adopter questions and your opposer questions, then find the mean score by dividing by the number of total questions for each metric.

We take these individual scores and find the mean across all survey participants.

These will become your (X,Y) coordinates which help you determine the priority of your components.

Calculating individual scores

impact + identity + confidence = individual adopter total
individual adopter total / # adopter questions = individual adopter

maintenance + risk + effort = individual opposer total
individual opposer total / # opposer questions = individual opposer

Calculating mean scores

individual adopter totals / # survey participants = adopter score individual opposer totals / # survey participants = opposer score

> (X, Y) (adopter, opposer)

Prioritizing components

By visualizing the priority of each component on this priortization graph, we can easily determine what to spend time on.

Priority 3

Weak adopter / weak opposer

Finish priority one and two components before tackling.

Priority 1 Strong adopter / weak opposer

Immediate adoption.

Parking lot

Weak adopter / strong opposer

Priority 2

Strong adopter / strong opposer Try to mitigate the opposition

metrics prior to adopting.

Buttons

Buttons will have a high impact because they'll unify your products underneath your brand identity.

But buttons also require a lot of mainenance and effort and might have to be re-visited several times before a finalized design is found.

> (adopter, opposer) (4, 4)*

* On a 5-point axis

Accordions

Accordions won't have a high impact because they're not used often throughout the UIs.

But accordions will take a lot of effort to build and could have some associated maintenance.

> (adopter, opposer) (-2, 3)*

* On a 5-point axis

Design check ist

Accessibility Can all users, regardless of circumstance, use this component?

Interaction

How should a component respond when a user interacts with it?

Context

How and where should this component be used?

Completion Are all states, including neutral, hover, focus, and disabled, defined?

Content What type of content does this component rely upon?

Customization Are aspects of this component customizable? If so, how?

Screen Resolution How does this component look on varying screen resolutions?

Development checkist

Accessibility Can all users, regardless of circumstance, use this component?

Responsiveness

Our components must respond to browser window resizing and varying screen resolutions.

Completion

Does this component account for all aspects of the design?

Customization

Have we implemented all of the customizable aspects of this component?

Error Handling / Prop Validation

How do our components respond when something breaks?

Browser Compatibility

Do the technologies we use work across all supported browsers or must we include polyfills?

Common mistakes

Starting for scale

While the ability to scale is good, building your components for scale can be a detriment.

Only scale when needed.

Connon mistakes

Educating before building

Educating your teams about your design system can negatively impact your rapport if there's nothing to use.

Connon mistakes

Not discussing workflow

If you going to be collaborating on a design system, it's important to come to terms on a working model.

Common mistakes

Not documenting decisions

Design systems require a lot of investment and will often have lots of eyes on them.

Documenting decisions will save you and your team the headache of having to explain to each stakeholder why you're doing something a certain way.